

Exam : 500-201

Title : Deploying Cisco Service

Provider Mobile Backhaul

Solutions

Version: DEMO

- 1. Which statement about the time-division multiplexing process and both ends of the circuit is true
- A. The circuit originates and ends in the same location.
- B. Both ends of the circuit use the same aggregation equipment.
- C. Both ends of the circuit use the same clocking source.
- D. Both ends of the circuit must be the same type of physical interface.

Answer: C

- 2. Which two issues did the rollout of mobile broadband standards such as HSPA and Evolution Data Only Optimized (EV-DO) make clear about SONET and SDH infrastructure? (Choose two.)
- A. They cost effectively scale at the increased traffic volumes.
- B. They do not cost effectively scale at the increased traffic volumes.
- C. They can be deployed in a 4G network rollout.
- D. They provide enough flexibility to increase bandwidth.
- E. They do not provide enough flexibility to increase bandwidth.

Answer: B,E

- 3. What is the fixed cell size for ATM?
- A. 52 byte cells
- B. 54 byte cells
- C. 53 byte cells
- D. 35 byte cells

Answer: C

- 4. What does the MPLS combine with the performance and capabilities of Layer 2?
- A. industry-standard service level agreements
- B. a set of FECs
- C. the security of a Layer 2 VPN
- D. the proven scalability of Layer 3 routing

Answer: D

- 5. What type of network does the Cisco UMMT mobile backhaul solution support?
- A. only LTE networks
- B. legacy 2G networks
- C. legacy 2G and 3G networks
- D. LTE and legacy 2G and 3G networks

Answer: D